

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 14

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED RESOLUTION

Citations Affected: Article 10 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.

Synopsis: Elimination of property tax caps. Eliminates the constitutional property tax caps.

Effective: This proposed amendment must be agreed to by two consecutive general assemblies and ratified by a majority of the state's voters voting on the question to be effective.

Stoops

January 12, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Appropriations.



First Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2015)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2014 Regular Session and 2014 Second Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 14

A JOINT RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to Article 10 of the Constitution of the State of Indiana concerning taxation.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. The following amendment to the Constitution of the
2	State of Indiana is proposed and agreed to by this, the One Hundred
3	Nineteenth General Assembly of the State of Indiana, and is referred
4	to the next General Assembly for reconsideration and agreement.
5	SECTION 2. ARTICLE 10, SECTION 1 OF THE CONSTITUTION
6	OF THE STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7	FOLLOWS: Section 1. (a) Subject to this section, the General
8	Assembly shall provide, by law, for a uniform and equal rate of
9	property assessment and taxation and shall prescribe regulations to
10	secure a just valuation for taxation of all property, both real and
11	personal.

(b) A provision of this section permitting the General Assembly to



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1	exempt property from taxation also permits the General Assembly to
2	exercise its legislative power to enact property tax deductions and
3	credits for the property. The General Assembly may impose reasonable
4	filing requirements for an exemption, deduction, or credit.
5	(c) The General Assembly may exempt from property taxation any
6	property in any of the following classes:
7	(1) Property being used for municipal, educational, literary,
8	scientific, religious, or charitable purposes.
9	(2) Tangible personal property other than property being held as
10	an investment.
11	(3) Intangible personal property.
12	(4) Tangible property, including curtilage, used as a principal
13	place of residence by an:
14	(A) owner of the property;
15	(B) individual who is buying the tangible property under a
16	contract; or
17	(C) individual who has a beneficial interest in the owner of the
18	tangible property.
19	(d) The General Assembly may exempt any motor vehicles, mobile
20	homes (not otherwise exempt under this section), airplanes, boats,
21	trailers, or similar property, provided that an excise tax in lieu of the
22	property tax is substituted therefor.
23	(e) This subsection applies to property taxes first due and payable
24	in 2012 and thereafter. The following definitions apply to subsection
25	(f):
26	(1) "Other residential property" means tangible property (other
27	than tangible property described in subsection (c)(4)) that is used
28	for residential purposes.
29	(2) "Agricultural land" means land devoted to agricultural use.
30	(3) "Other real property" means real property that is not tangible
31	property described in subsection (c)(4), is not other residential
32	property, and is not agricultural land.
33	(f) This subsection applies to property taxes first due and payable in
34	2012 and thereafter. The General Assembly shall, by law, limit a
35	taxpayer's property tax liability as follows:
36	(1) A taxpayer's property tax liability on tangible property
37	described in subsection (c)(4) may not exceed one percent (1%)
38	of the gross assessed value of the property that is the basis for the
39	determination of property taxes.
40	(2) A taxpayer's property tax liability on other residential property
41	may not exceed two percent (2%) of the gross assessed value of
42	the property that is the basis for the determination of property



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1	taxes.
2	(3) A taxpayer's property tax liability on agricultural land may not
3	exceed two percent (2%) of the gross assessed value of the land
4	that is the basis for the determination of property taxes.
5	(4) A taxpayer's property tax liability on other real property may
6	not exceed three percent (3%) of the gross assessed value of the
7	property that is the basis for the determination of property taxes.
8	(5) A taxpayer's property tax liability on personal property (other
9	than personal property that is tangible property described in
10	subsection (c)(4) or personal property that is other residential
11	property) within a particular taxing district may not exceed three
12	percent (3%) of the gross assessed value of the taxpayer's
13	personal property that is the basis for the determination of
14	property taxes within the taxing district.
15	(g) This subsection applies to property taxes first due and payable
16	in 2012 and thereafter. Property taxes imposed after being approved by
17	the voters in a referendum shall not be considered for purposes of
18	ealculating the limits to property tax liability under subsection (f).
19	(h) As used in this subsection, "eligible county" means only a
20	county for which the General Assembly determines in 2008 that limits
21	to property tax liability as described in subsection (f) are expected to
22	reduce in 2010 the aggregate property tax revenue that would otherwise
23	be collected by all units of local government and school corporations
24	in the county by at least twenty percent (20%). The General Assembly
25	may, by law, provide that property taxes imposed in an eligible county
26	to pay debt service or make lease payments for bonds or leases issued
27	or entered into before July 1, 2008, shall not be considered for purposes
28	of calculating the limits to property tax liability under subsection (f).
29	Such a law may not apply after December 31, 2019.
30	SECTION 3. ARTICLE 10 OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE
31	STATE OF INDIANA IS AMENDED BY ADDING THE
32	FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:
33	SCHEDULE
34	(a) The amendment to Article 10, Section 1 of this Constitution
35	first agreed to by the One Hundred Nineteenth General Assembly
36	first applies to property taxes imposed for an assessment date that
37	occurs in the year that immediately follows the date that the
38	proposed amendment is agreed to by the One Hundred Twentieth
39	General Assembly and ratified by a majority of the state's voters
40	voting on the question.
41	(b) This SCHEDULE expires January 1, 2025.

